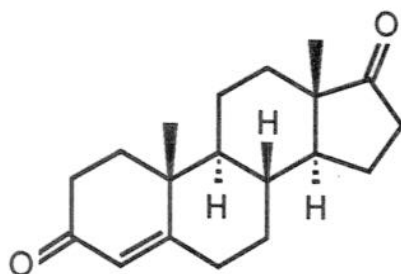
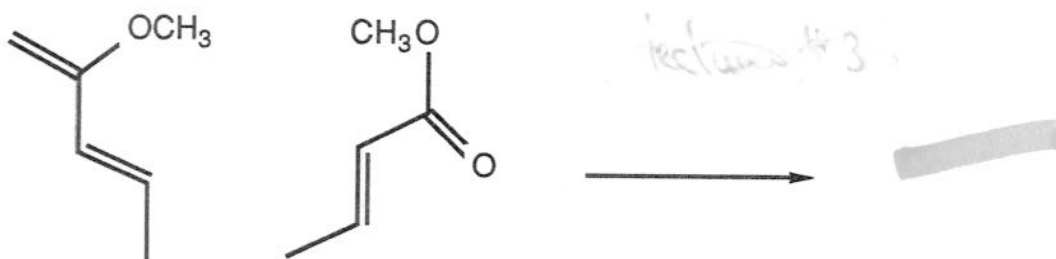


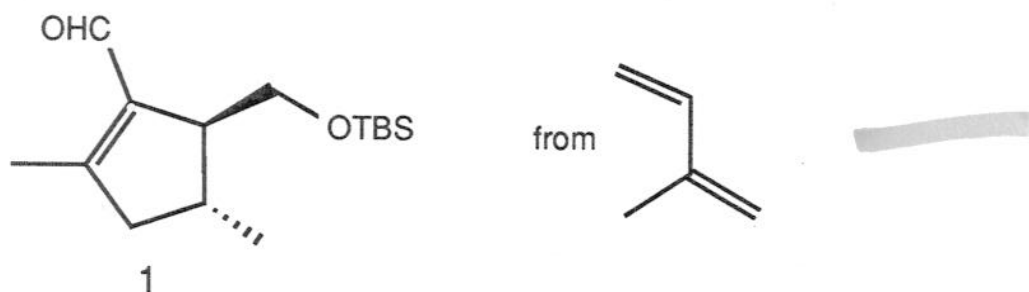
1. Draw as the 3D structure the steroid given below.



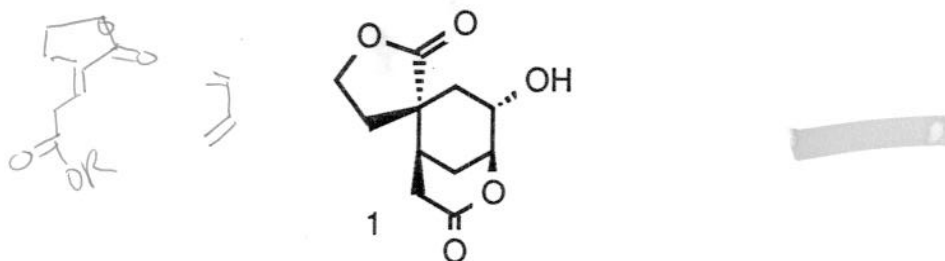
2. Give the regio and stereochemical orientation for the product of the Diels-Alder reaction shown below. Rationalize your answer using frontier and secondary orbital interactions.



3. Give a Diels-Alder approach to compound 1 starting from the indicated diene. Use any electron deficient olefin that you chose.

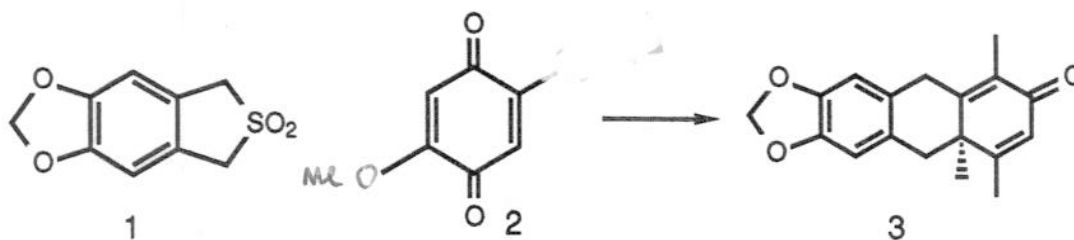


4. From any electron deficient dienophile and combination of dienes you chose prepare 1. Try for a reaction sequence of five to six steps.



Problem Set Chemistry 435 October 22, 1986

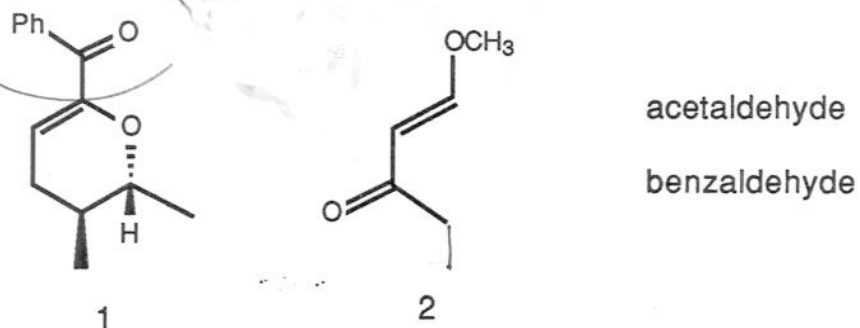
5. From compounds 1 and 2 show how you would prepare 3.



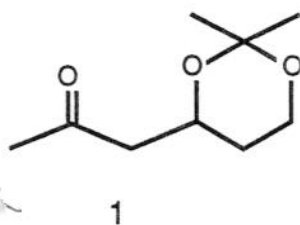
6. How would you make 1 from the benzene derivative 2?



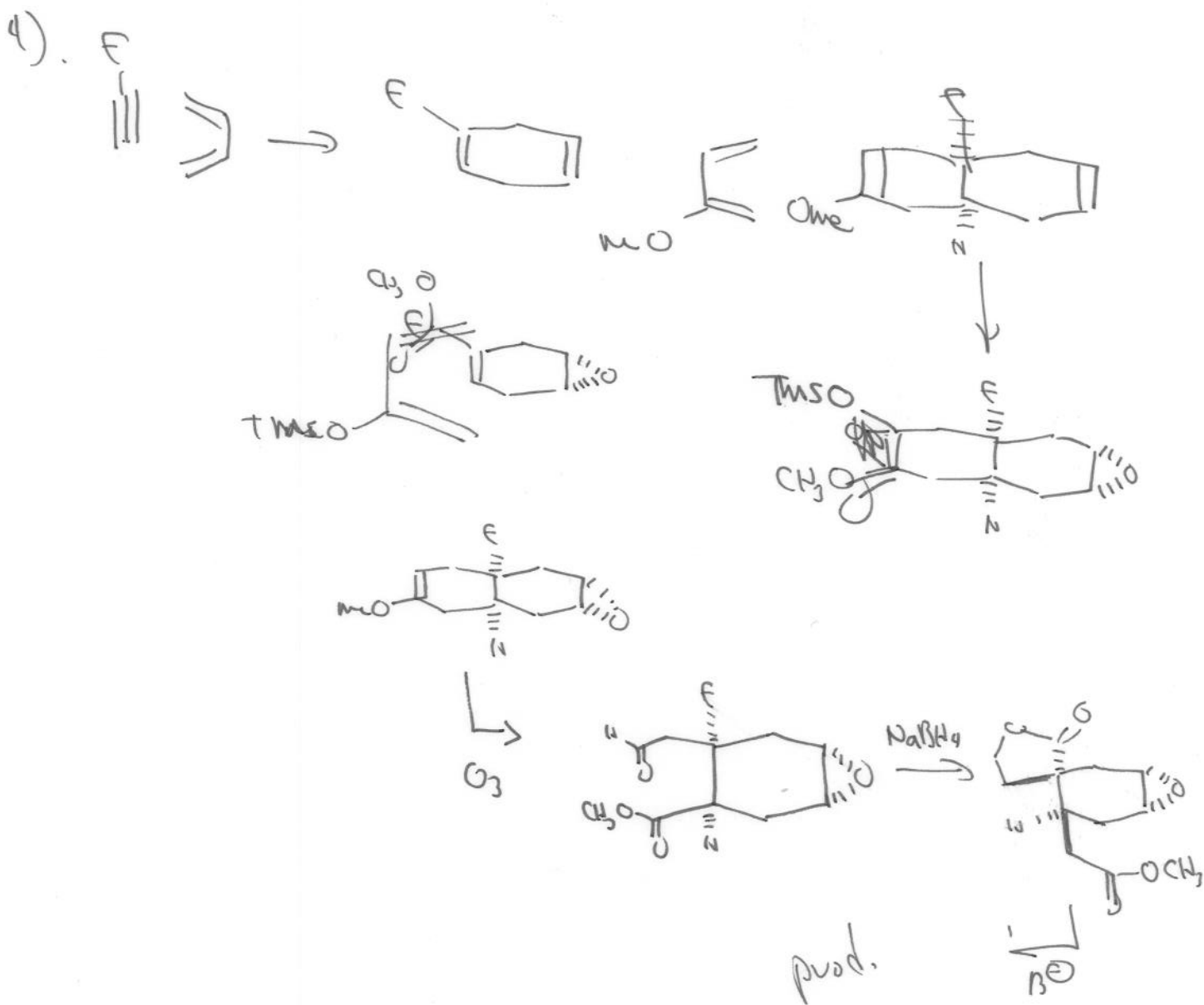
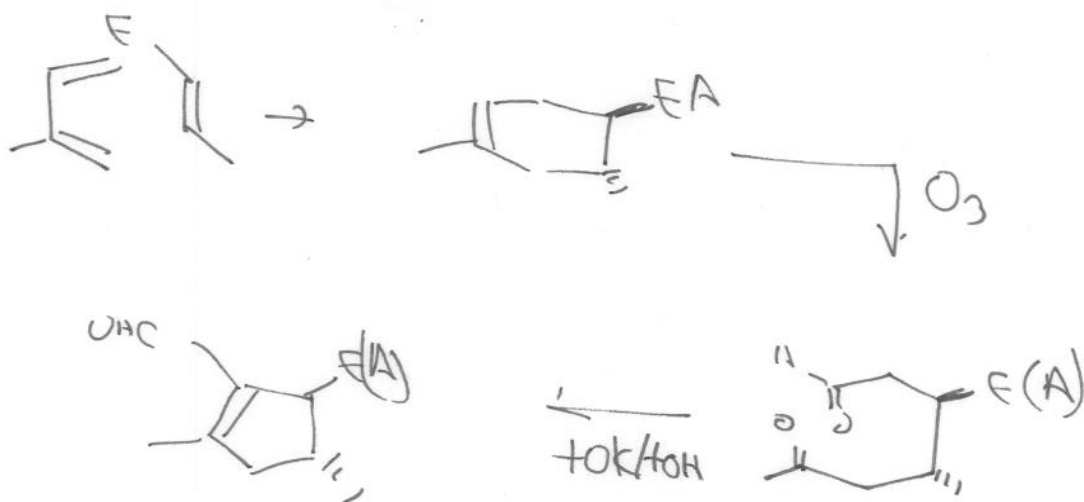
7. How would you make compound 1 starting from 2, acetaldehyde, and benzaldehyde?

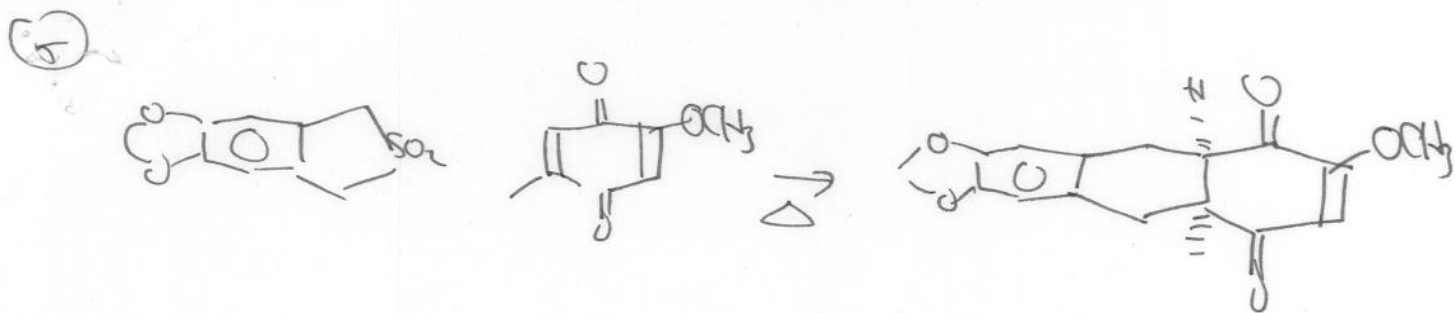


8. How would you make compound 1 from ethyl crotonate, acetaldehyde, acetone and hydroxylamine hydrochloride?

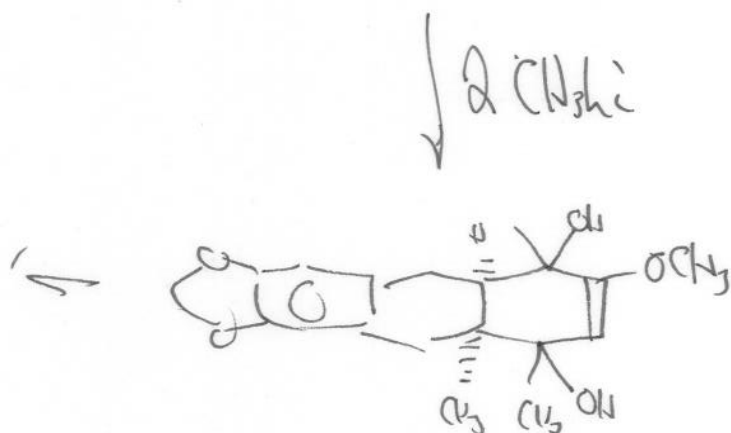


3.

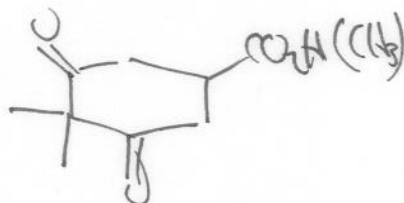
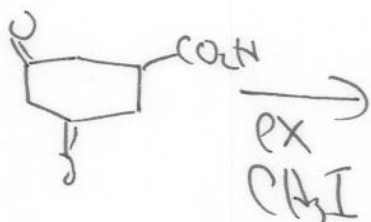




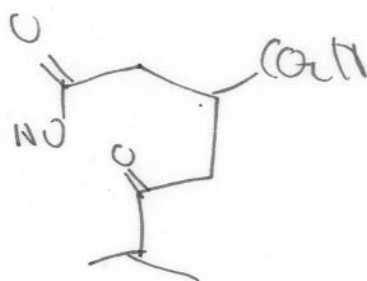
prod.



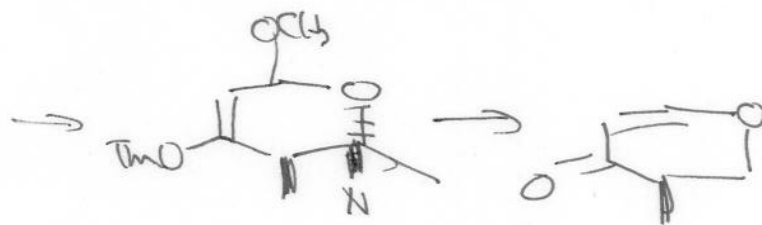
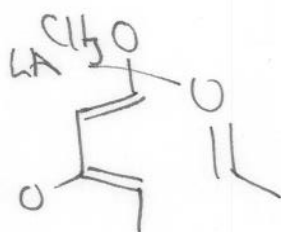
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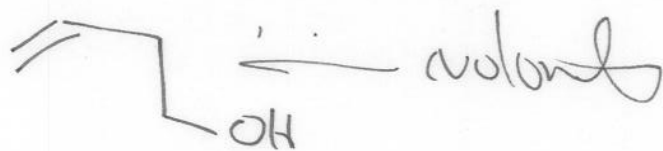
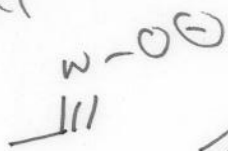
NCB



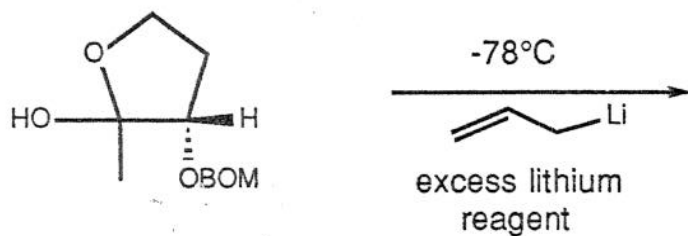
7.  
BF<sub>3</sub>



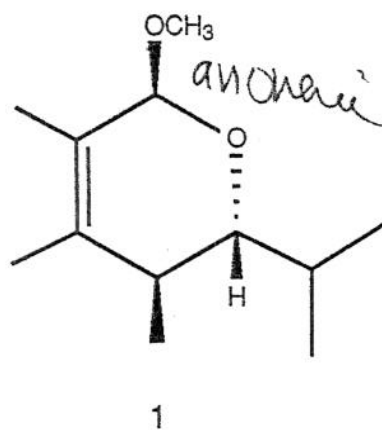
⑧ NaOCl



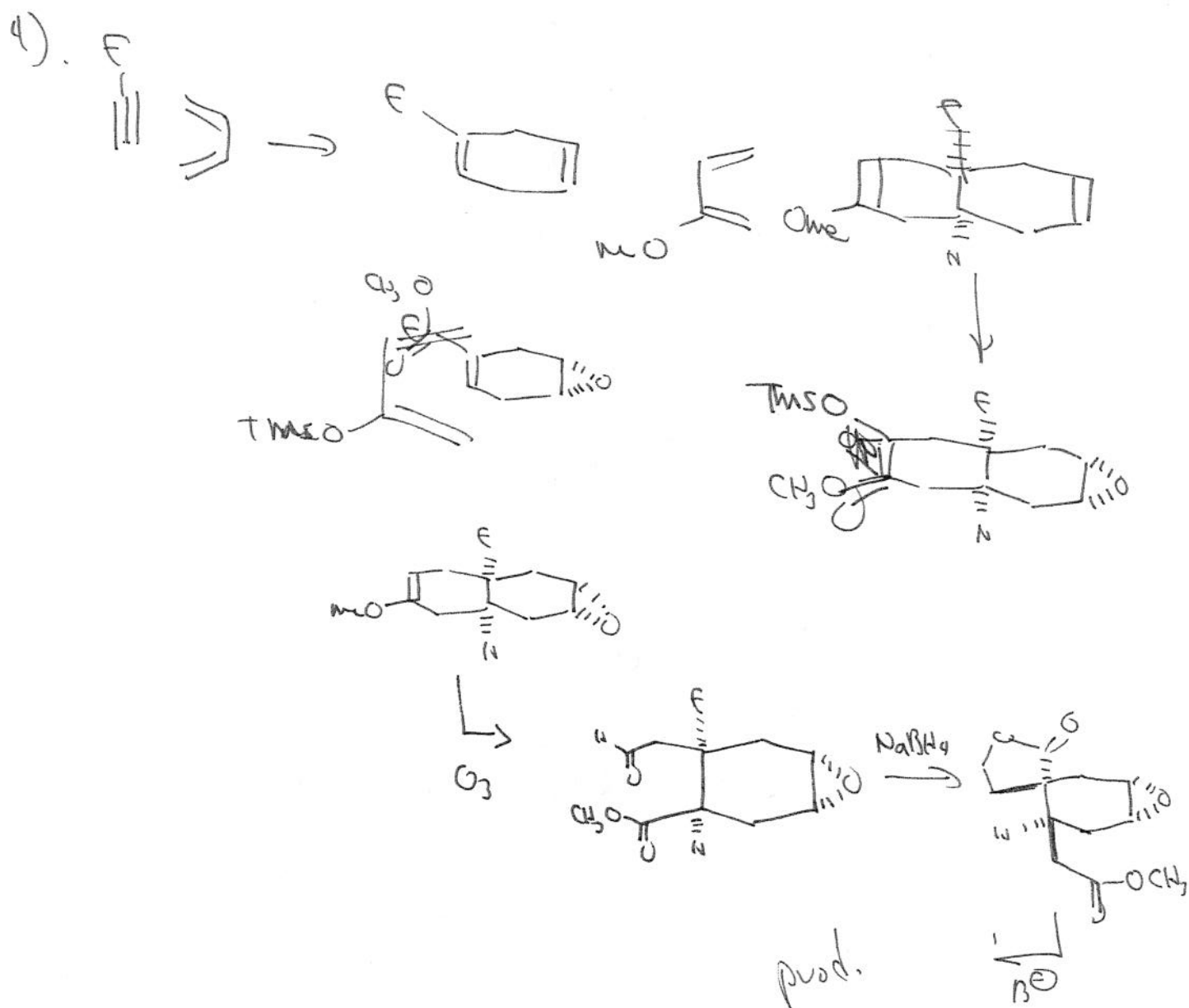
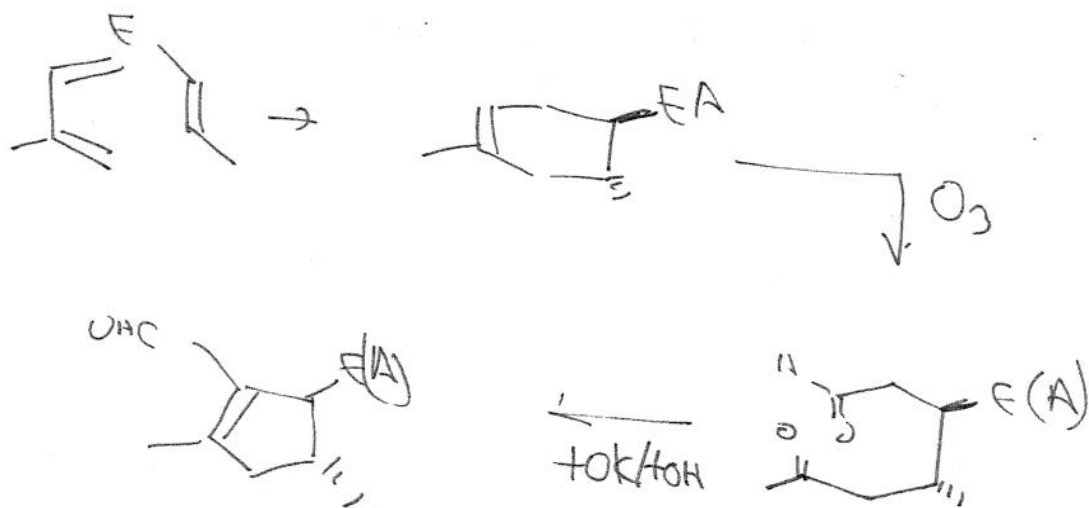
9. What is the structure of the product, including stereochemistry that you would obtain from the reaction indicated below?



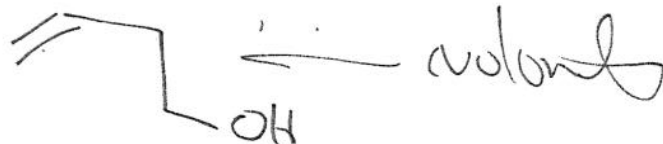
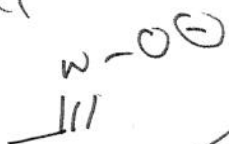
10. How would you prepare compound 1 from 3-pentanone and isobutyraldehyde?



3.



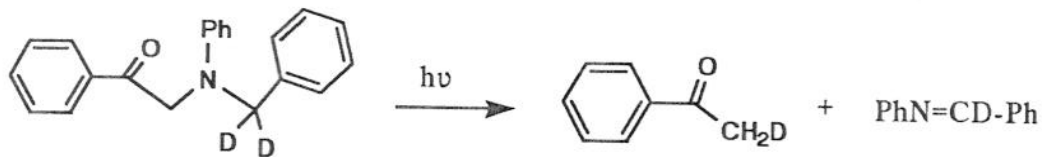
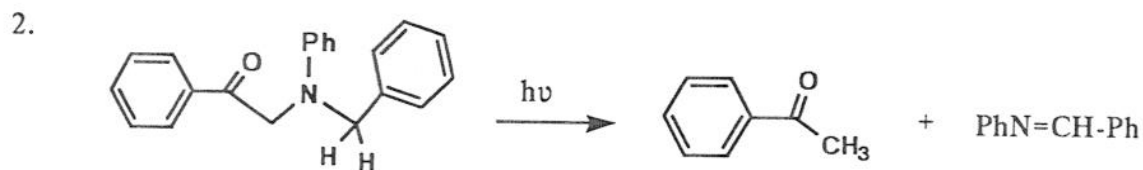
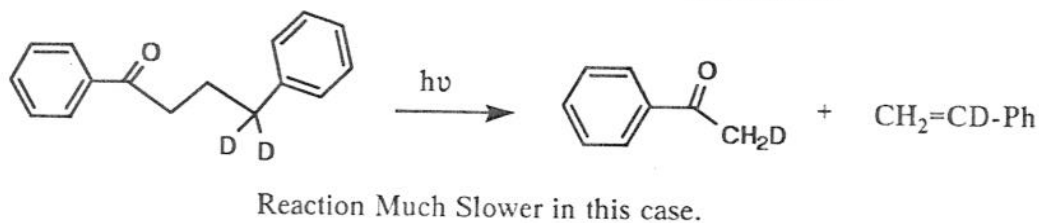
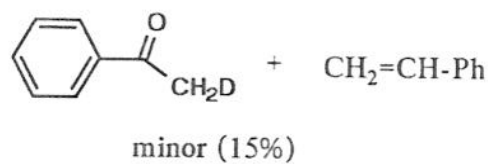
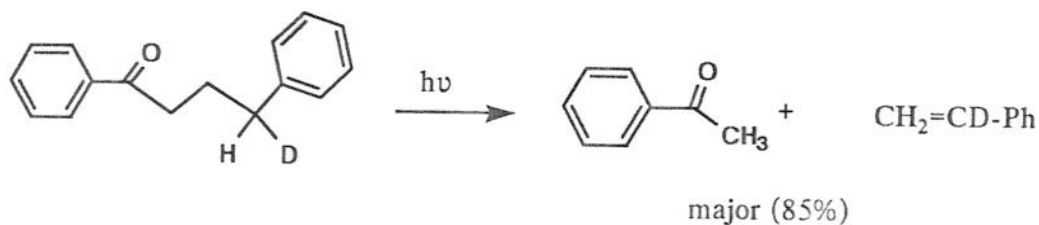
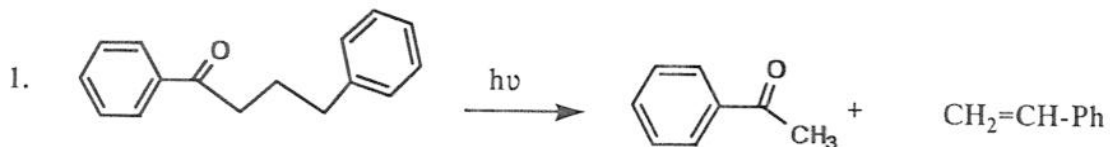
⑧ NaOCl





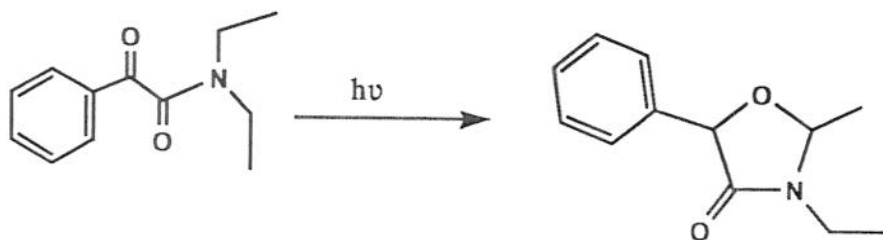
# Electron Pushing Tutorial

Provide Mechanisms for the following reactions. Show all steps carefully and distinctly in your mechanisms:

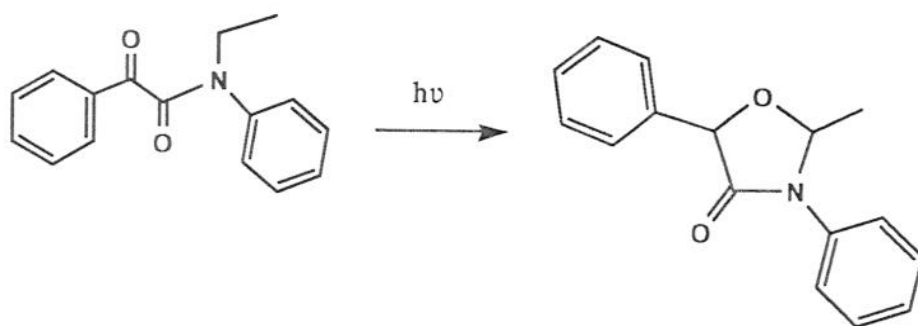


Deuterated compound reacts at nearly the same rate

3.



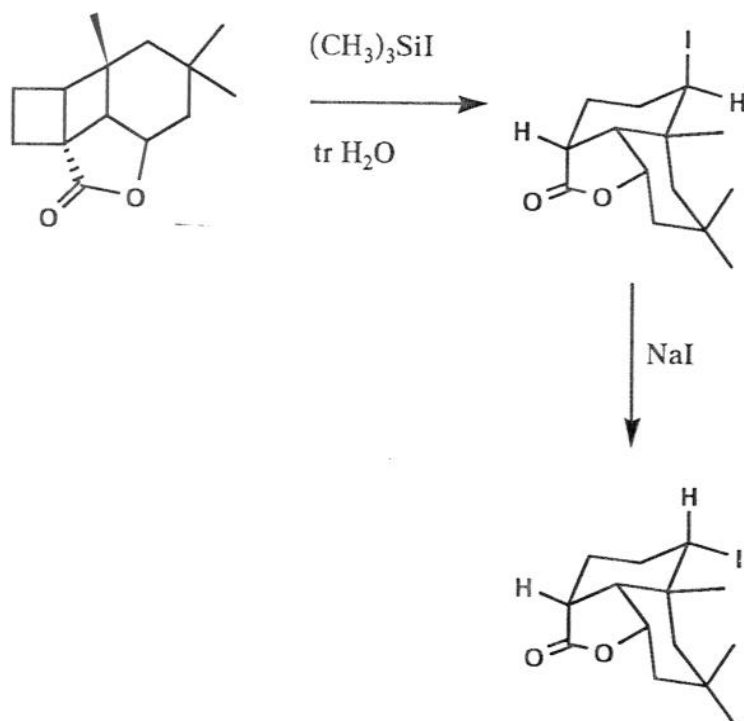
100%,  $\phi = 0.24$



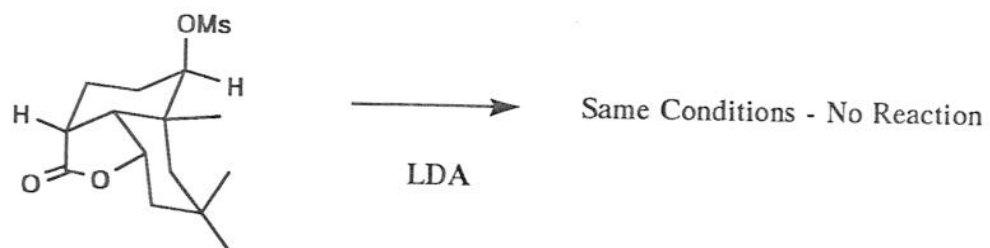
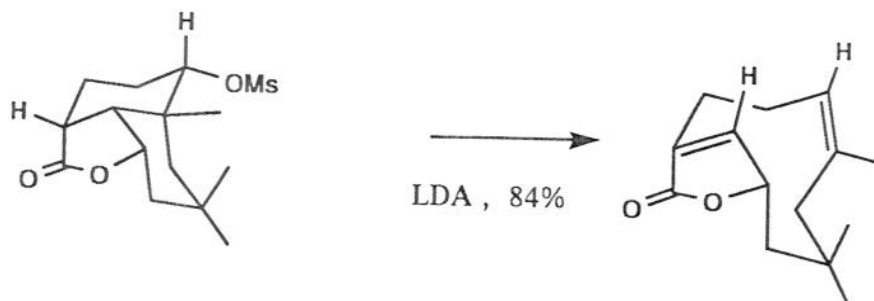
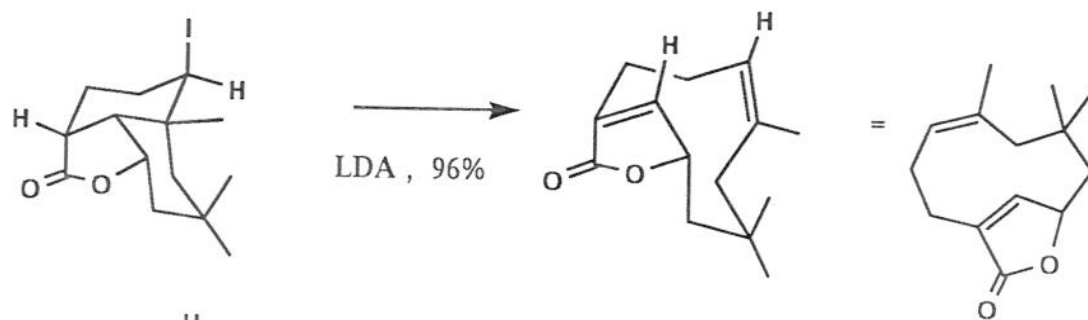
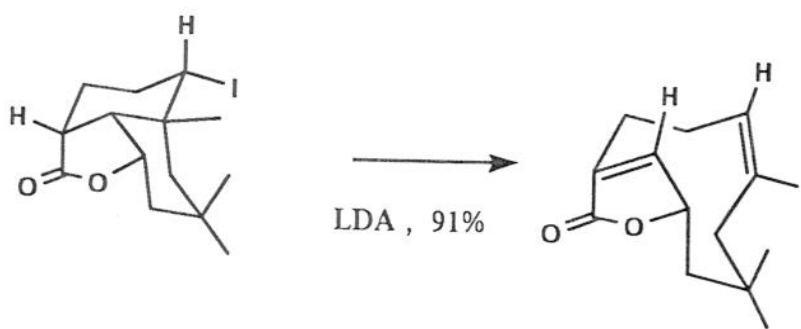
EXPLAIN

$\sim 50\%$ ,  $\phi = 0.01$

4. Rationalize the Following Transformations:



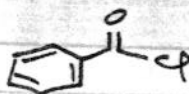
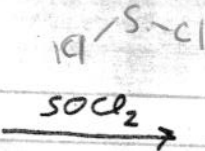
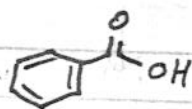
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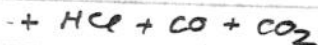
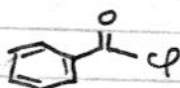
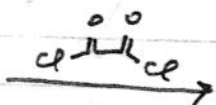
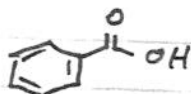
# PROBLEM SET 4

March

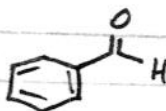
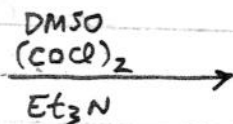
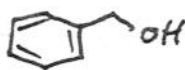
①



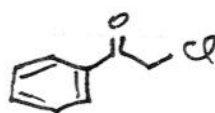
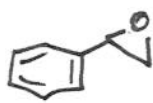
②



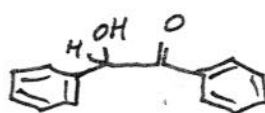
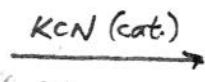
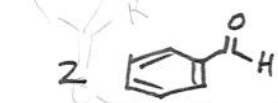
✓ ③



④



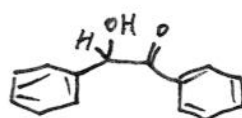
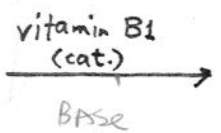
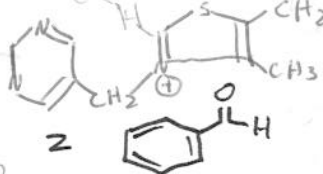
✓ ⑤



O Reel

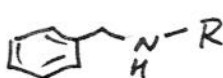
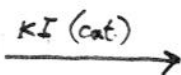
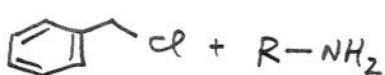
Acetylation  
equivalent

⑥

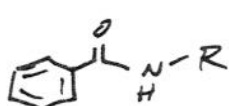
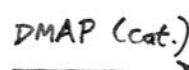
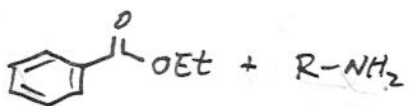


Finkelstein

⑦

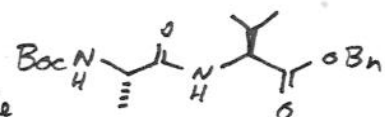
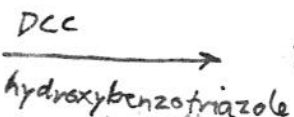
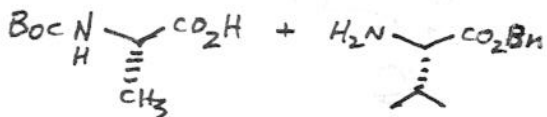


⑧

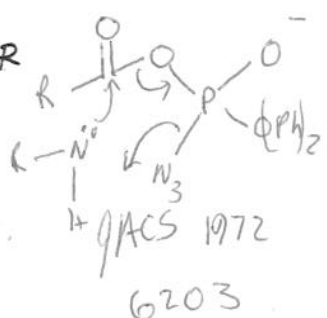
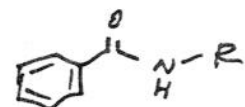
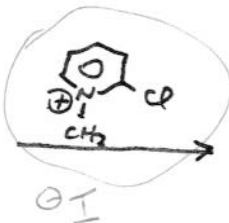
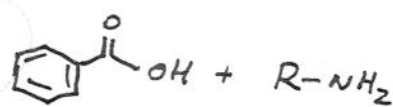
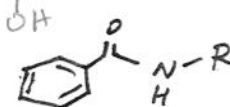
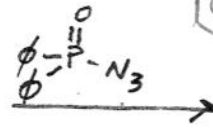
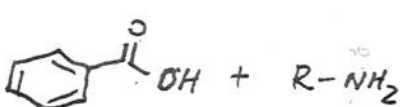


DEAC  
PENTONE

⑨



✓ ⑩



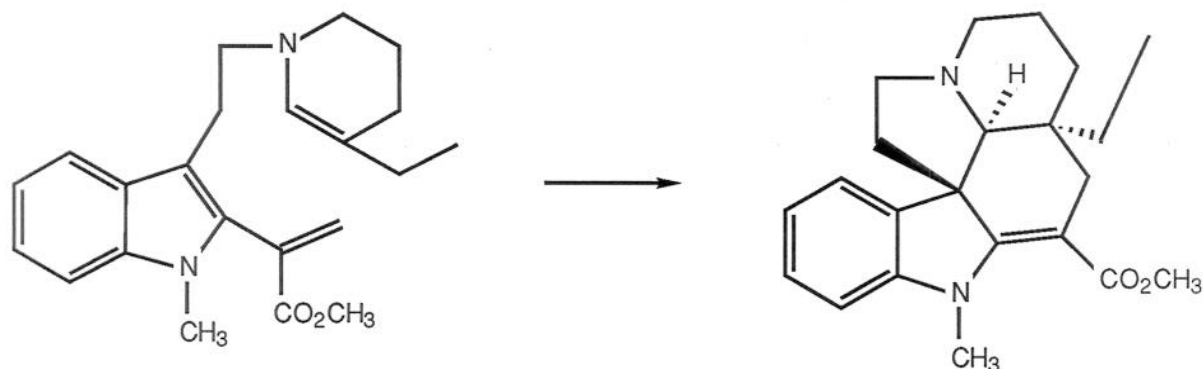
Mukaiyama

OT

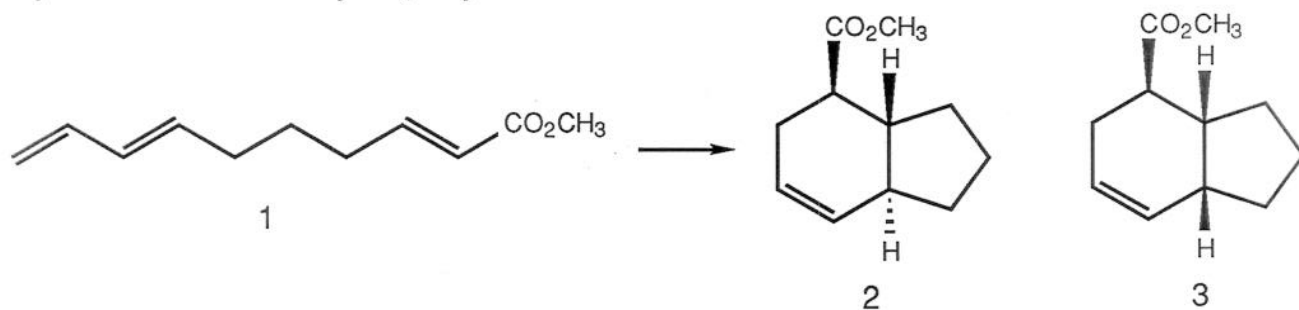
6203

## INTRAMOLECULAR DIELS-ALDER REACTIONS QUESTIONS RELATED THERETO

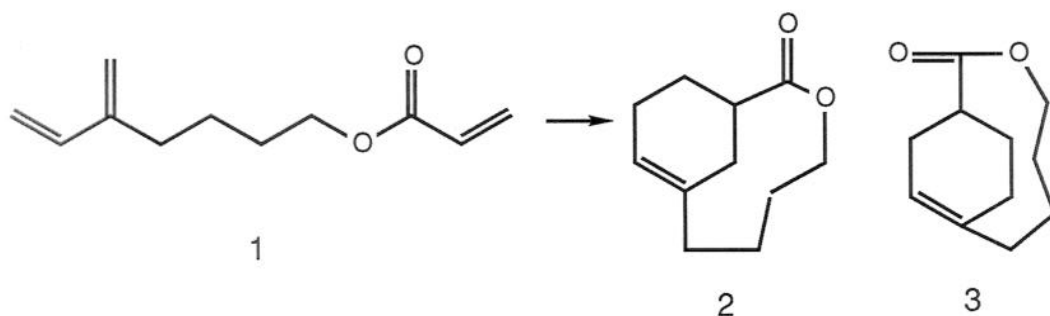
1. THE FOLLOWING TRANSFORMATION MAY BE VIEWED EITHER AS AN INTRAMOLECULAR DIELS-ALDER REACTION OR AS A MICHAEL ADDITION ACYLATION REACTION, WHICH IS MORE LIKELY AND WHY?



2. The unsaturated ester 1 gives a mixture of 2 and 3 in 39% and 26% yields, respectively at 150°C. When the same reaction is carried out in the presence of menthoxyaluminum dichloride, at 23°C only 2 is formed in 72% yield, why?



3. Compound 1 at 190°C gives 2 and 3. Show the transition states leading to 2 and 3.

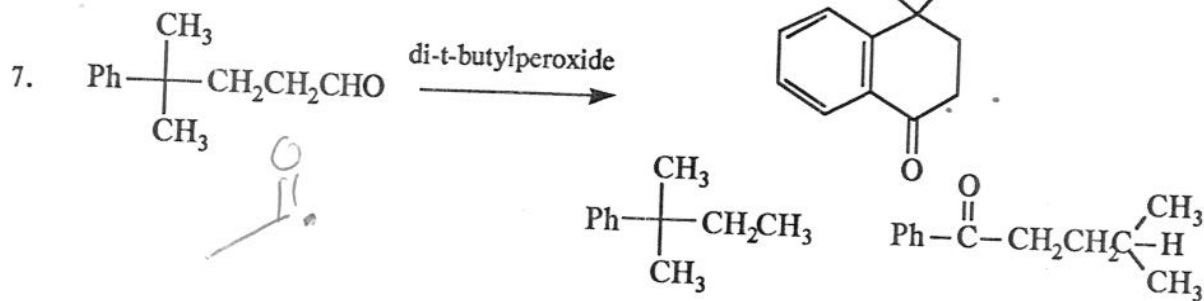
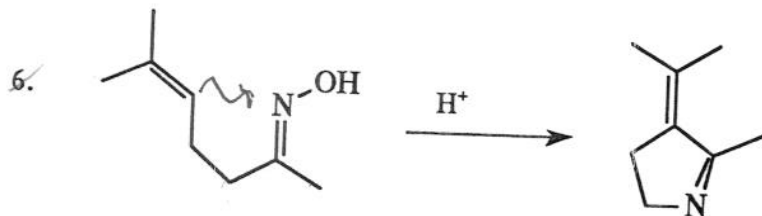
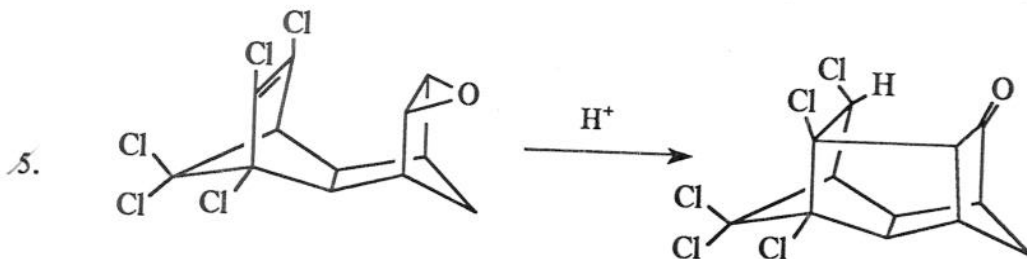
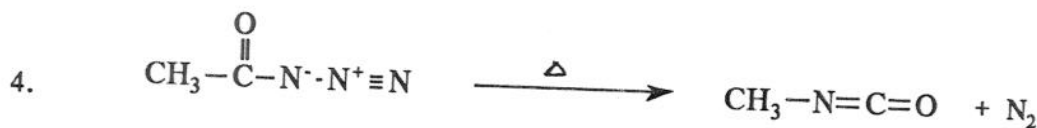
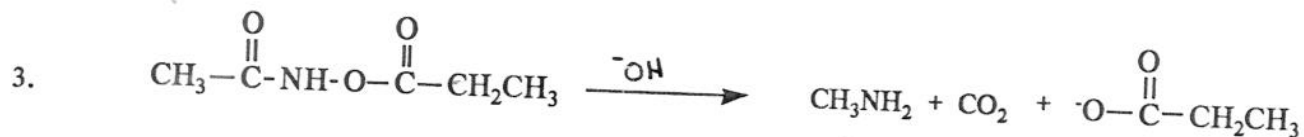
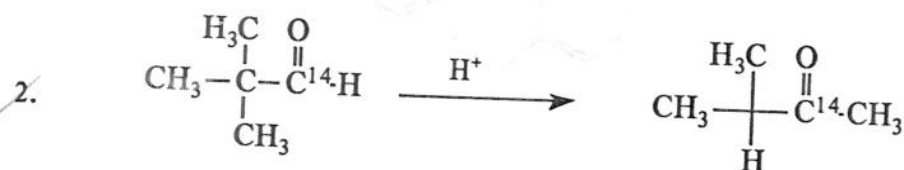
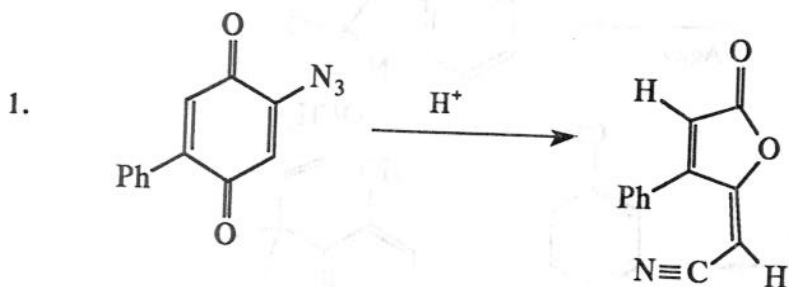


# Organic Chemistry

## Arrow Pushing Tutorial

Fall 1990

Suggest reasonable mechanisms by which each of the following transformations could occur.



*Handwritten signature*